
The International Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Trans and Intersex Association – ILGA World and the International Service for Human Rights (ISHR) have compiled a series of factsheets highlighting the work that UN special procedures – independent human rights experts, appointed to monitor and report on human rights violations – have undertaken to defend the human rights of lesbian, gay, bisexual, trans and intersex (LGBTI) persons. The factsheets compile the references and recommendations made by these experts to LGBTI persons, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, and sex characteristics (SOGIESC). They cover all thematic reports, country visit reports, and communications published between January 2011 and December 2021.



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**SPECIAL RAPPOREUR ON THE
PROMOTION OF TRUTH, JUSTICE,
REPARATION AND GUARANTEES OF
NON-RECURRENCE**

MR. FABIAN SALVIOLI (ARGENTINA)
SINCE MAY 2018 (UNTIL APRIL 2024)

FORMER SPECIAL RAPPOREURS:

- Mr. Pablo de GREIFF (Colombia),
May 2012 - April 2018



EMAIL



WEBSITE

WORK SUMMARY

COUNTRIES VISITED

ADDRESSES SOGIESC ISSUES:

Gambia – (November 2019) Report, para. 8, 12, 97.

Spain – (January-February 2014) Report, para. 90.

DOES NOT ADDRESS SOGIESC ISSUES:

- El Salvador (April to May 2019)
- Sri Lanka (October 2017)
- United Kingdom (November 2015)
- Burundi (December 2014)
- Uruguay (October 2013)
- Tunisia (November 2012)

ANNUAL THEMATIC REPORTS

<p>Transitional justice measures and the legacy of human rights violations in colonial contexts July 2021 (76th Session General Assembly (GA))</p>	<p>No SOGIESC references.</p>
<p>Accountability: Prosecuting and punishing gross violations of human rights and serious violations of international humanitarian law in the context of transitional justice processes July 2021 (48th Session Human Rights Council (HRC))</p>	<p>No SOGIESC references.</p>
<p>The gender perspective in transitional justice processes July 2020 (75th Session GA)</p>	<p>Strong reference to LGBTI (Gender perspectives considered in conceptualization, design and implementation of national transitional justice strategies and mechanisms). Paras. 4-7, 10, 13-15, 19, 21-22, 24-25, 27, 30-31, 36, 46, 51-52, 54, 57-58, 64-65, 67, 69, 77, 83-84, 87, 91, 93, 98-99, 101, 103, 105, 109, 111-112, 114..</p>
<p>Memorialisation processes in the context of serious violations of human rights and international humanitarian law: the fifth pillar of transitional justice July 2020 (45th Session HRC)</p>	<p>No SOGIESC references.</p>
<p>Promotion of truth, justice, reparation and guarantees of non-recurrence September 2019 (42nd Session HRC)</p>	<p>Brief reference to LGBTI. Para. 108.</p>
<p>Apologies for gross human rights violations and serious violations of international humanitarian law July 2019 (74th Session GA)</p>	<p>No SOGIESC references.</p>
<p>Preliminary vision of four main lines of engagement with General Assembly August 2018 (73rd Session GA)</p>	<p>No SOGIESC references.</p>
<p>Overview of the approach of the Special Rapporteur to the mandate and preliminary outline of areas of interest September 2018 (39th Session HRC)</p>	<p>No SOGIESC references.</p>

<p>Joint study on the contribution of transitional justice to the prevention of gross violations and abuses of human rights and serious violations of international humanitarian law, including genocide, war crimes, ethnic cleansing and crimes against humanity, and their recurrence (with SA to the SG on the Prevention of Genocide) June 2018 (37th Session HRC)</p>	<p>Brief SOGI reference. Para. 59.</p>
<p>Comprehensive framework approach to prevention October 2017 (72nd Session GA)</p>	<p>Brief references to LGBTQ (preventive role of civil society). Paras. 59, 60.</p>
<p>Transitional justice in weakly institutionalized post-conflict settings September 2017 (36th session HRC)</p>	<p>No SOGIESC references.</p>
<p>Participation of victims in transitional justice measures March 2017 (34th session HRC)</p>	<p>No SOGIESC references.</p>
<p>National consultations concerning the design and implementation of transitional justice measures October 2016 (71st Session GA)</p>	<p>Brief reference to LGBTI. Paras. 31, 35.</p>
<p>Security sector reform, including vetting of security institutions October 2015 (70th Session GA)</p>	<p>No SOGIESC references.</p>
<p>Guarantees of non-recurrence September 2015 (30th session HRC)</p>	<p>No SOGIESC references.</p>
<p>Reparations for gross human rights violations and serious violations of international humanitarian law October 2014 (69th Session GA)</p>	<p>No SOGIESC references.</p>
<p>Prosecutorial prioritization strategies in the aftermath of gross human rights violations and serious violations of international humanitarian law September 2014 (27th Session HRC)</p>	<p>No SOGIESC references.</p>
<p>The relevance of justice and rights considerations to sustainable development</p>	<p>No SOGIESC references.</p>

Truth commissions in transitional periods and responses to strengthen the effectiveness of those mechanisms in addressing gross human rights violations and serious violations of international humanitarian law
September 2013 (24th Session HRC)

No SOGIESC references.

Ways in which the promotion of truth, justice, reparation and guarantees of non-recurrence contribute to strengthening the rule of law
September 2012 (67th Session GA)

No SOGIESC references.

Foundation of the mandate and the importance of a comprehensive approach that combines the elements of truth-seeking, justice initiatives, reparations and guarantees of non-recurrence in a complementary and mutually reinforcing manner
September 2012 (21st Session HRC)

No SOGIESC references.

COMMUNICATIONS

COUNTRY/DATE	EXPERTS	SITUATION
<p>Canada 7 July 2021</p>	<p>Indigenous peoples Racism SOGI Truth Violence against women</p>	<p>Information received concerning the delay in elaborating a plan of action to implement the recommendations formulated in the 2019 Final Report of the National Inquiry on Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women and Girls and in addressing the systemic causes of violence against indigenous women and girls, as well as Two-Spirit, lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, questioning, intersex and asexual (2SLGBTQIA) people in Canada.</p>